ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

For The Year Ended August 31, 2015

FRIENDSWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS

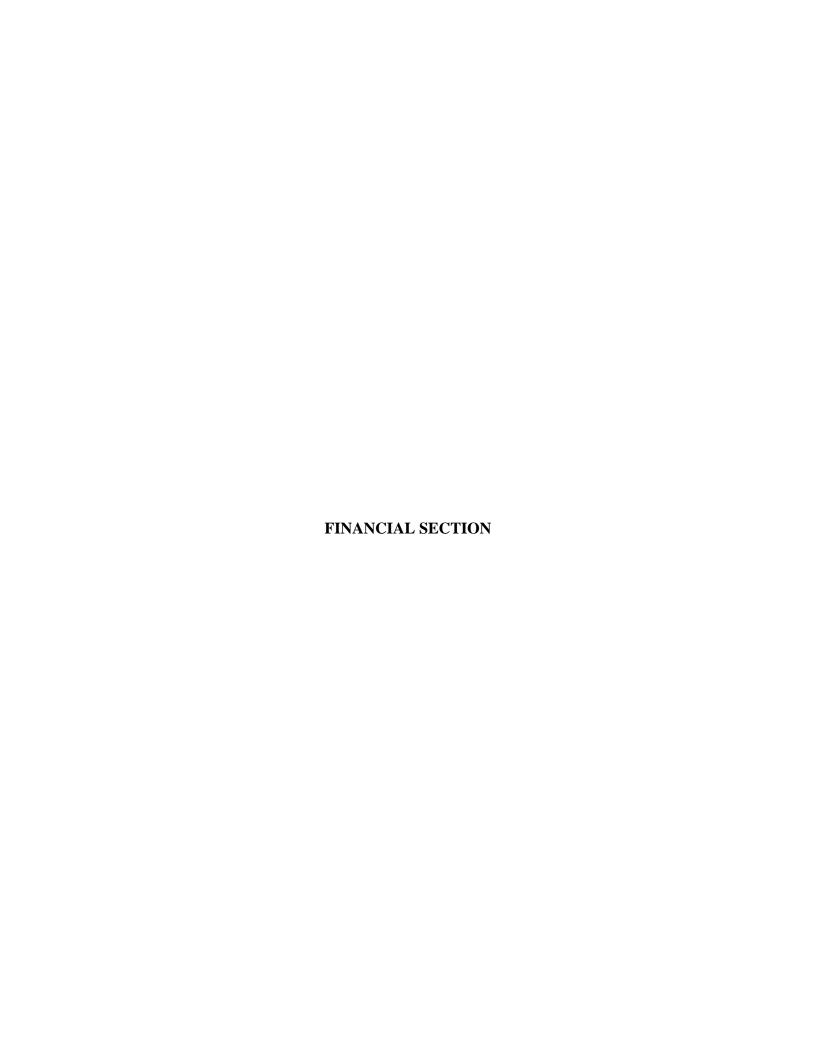
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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Friendswood Independent School District	Galveston	084-911
Name of School District	County	Co Dist. No.
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual fin	ancial reports of the above n	amed school district
ware reviewed and ammoved for the year anded Averet	21 2015 at a masting of the	hound of twistons of
were reviewed and approved for the year ended August	51, 2015, at a meeting of the	board of trustees of
such school district on November 9, 2015.		
,		
President of the Board	Vice President of the Board	





Texas City Office 600 Gulf Freeway Suite 226 Texas City, Texas 77591 409.948.4406 Main whitleypenn.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Friendswood Independent School District Friendswood, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Friendswood Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



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Dallas Fort Worth Houston

To the Board of Trustees Friendswood Independent School District

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of August 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 and Note 17 to the financial statements, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, as of August 31, 2015. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 7 through 15 and the budgetary comparison schedule and the required pension system information on pages 60 through 63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and required Texas Education Agency ("TEA") schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and required TEA schedules, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other

To the Board of Trustees Friendswood Independent School District

records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Texas City, Texas November 9, 2015

Whitley FERN LLP

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Friendswood Independent School District's annual financial report presents the administration's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal period ended August 31, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The liabilities and deferred inflows of the District exceeded assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,720,335 (net position). Of this amount, negative \$12,313,737 was net investment in capital assets, which represents the amount invested in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related debt, \$1,255,665 was restricted for debt service, \$507,535 was restricted for food service, \$19,153 was restricted for federal and state programs and \$8,795,009 was unrestricted.

- The District's total net position decreased by \$689,660 during the current fiscal year in addition to the prior period adjustment of \$4,702,801. The prior period adjustment was the result of GASB 68 and GASB 71.
- The District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,907,314 as of August 31, 2015. Of this amount, \$944,382 is non-spendable in the form of (1) inventory in the amount of \$170,985 and (2) prepaid items in the amount of \$773,397. Fund balance of \$2,587,459 is restricted for (1) federal and state grants in the amount of \$526,688, (2) capital acquisitions in the amount of \$688,320, and (3) debt service in the amount of \$1,372,451. Fund balance of \$3,561,809 is committed for (1) disaster recovery of \$1.5 million and (2) decreases in state funding of \$1.2 million and (3) other committed in the amount of \$861,809. The remaining amount in fund balance of \$8,813,664 is classified as unassigned and is available for spending at the District's discretion. This represents 20% of total general fund expenditures.
- The General Fund ended the year with unassigned fund balance of \$8,813,664, an increase of \$670,840 as compared to the prior fiscal year.
- The District's bonded debt decreased by \$1,930,000 as a result of principal payments made during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference of the four reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused sick leave).

The government-wide financial statements of the District are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include Instruction, Instructional Resources and Media Services, Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development, Instructional Leadership, School Leadership, Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services, Social Work Services, Health Services, Student Transportation, Food Services, Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities, General Administration, Plant Maintenance and Operations, Security and Monitoring Services, Data Processing Services, Community Services, Interest on Long-term Debt, Bond Issuance Costs and Fees, Facilities Acquisition and Construction, and Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Programs.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains individual governmental funds for general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and debt service fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the financial statements. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund, and National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains an internal service fund for workers' compensation insurance coverage. *Internal service funds*, one type of proprietary fund, are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various funds and functions. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental functions, it has been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

The District maintains individual enterprise funds for fuel and vending. *Enterprise funds*, a second type of proprietary fund, are used to report on activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Enterprise funds are included within *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The nonmajor enterprise funds financial statements provide information for the Fuel Fund and Vending Fund.

Fiduciary Funds

The fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of students and employees. The fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs.

An *agency fund* is a type of fiduciary fund used to report resources held by the District in a purely custodial capacity. The District accounts for the activities of student groups and refunds/overpayments due to taxpayers in this type of fund, which does not involve measurement of results of operations.

A *private purpose trust fund* is a second type of fiduciary fund. Private purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly recorded in pension trust funds or investment trust funds, under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District accounts for student scholarships in a private purpose trust fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The required supplementary information relates to comparison of the original adopted budget, the final amended budget, and the actual amounts for the fiscal year. This is required supplementary information for the general fund and any major special revenue funds. The District did not have any major special revenue funds; therefore, only the general fund is presented as required supplementary information. The Required Supplementary Information also relates to the required pension system information.

Other Information

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and other supplementary information are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$1,720,335 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, construction in progress), less any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmen	tal /	Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals			
	2015		2014		2015		2014	2015		2014
Current and other assets	\$ 20,161,898	\$	19,129,598	\$	18,101	\$	10,112	\$ 20,179,999	\$	19,139,710
Capital and non current assets	 95,380,283		99,246,123					95,380,283		99,246,123
Total Assets	115,542,181		118,375,721		18,101		10,112	115,560,282		118,385,833
Deferred outflows	1,271,691		247,390					1,271,691		247,390
Total Deferred Outflows										
of Resources	 1,271,691		247,390	_				1,271,691		247,390
Current liabilities	3,262,191		2,926,671		2,061			3,264,252		2,926,671
Long term liabilities	114,018,334		112,034,426					114,018,334		112,034,426
Total Liabilities	117,280,525		114,961,097	_	2,061			117,282,586		114,961,097
Deferred inflows Total Deferred Inflows	 1,269,722	_						1,269,722		
of Resources	 1,269,722	_						1,269,722		
Net Position:										
Net investment in capital assets	(12,313,737)		(9,735,071)					(12,313,737)		(9,735,071)
Restricted	1,782,353		899,870					1,782,353		899,870
Unrestricted	8,795,009		12,497,215		16,040		10,112	8,811,049		12,507,327
Total Net Position	\$ (1,736,375)	\$	3,662,014	\$	16,040	\$	10,112	\$ (1,720,335)	\$	3,672,126

Net position in the governmental activities are restricted for various purposes as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
	2015			2014				
Federal and state programs	\$	19,153	\$	39,093				
Food Service		507,535		554,395				
Debt Service		1,255,665		306,382				
	\$	1,782,353	\$	899,870				

The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$8,795,009 in the governmental activities may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reports positive balances in restricted and unrestricted net position in the governmental activities. The District reports negative net position in net investment in capital assets, which is reported net of outstanding related debt. The District's net position of the governmental activities decreased by \$5,398,389 during the current fiscal year. The decrease is primarily due to new accounting standards established by GASB Statement 68 which requires governmental entities to report their share of net pension liabilities that are administered through trusts or similar arrangements on the government-wide financial statements. Additional information on GASB Statement 68 can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

The District's net position of the business-type activities had an ending balance of \$16,040, all of which is unrestricted and may be used to meet on-going obligations.

		Governmen	tal A	Activities	_		Business-Type Activites		Totals				
		2015		2014			2015		2014		2015		2014
Program Revenues					_					_			
Charges for services	\$	4,898,591	\$	4,241,669		\$	118,752	\$	109,923	\$	5,017,343	\$	4,351,592
Operating grants		4,347,291		4,142,936							4,347,291		4,142,936
General Revenues													
Property taxes		32,111,442		30,727,349							32,111,442		30,727,349
State Aid - Formula Grants		15,499,143		15,302,433							15,499,143		15,302,433
Grants and contributions													
not restricted				22,387									22,387
Interest earnings		59,846		68,193							59,846		68,193
Other		447,492		43,984							447,492		43,984
Total Revenues		57,363,805	_	54,548,951	_		118,752		109,923	_	57,482,557		54,658,874
Expenses													
Instruction		29,857,798		30,657,605							29,857,798		30,657,605
Instructional resources and media													
services		685,724		540,714							685,724		540,714
Curriculum and staff development		465,200		360,724							465,200		360,724
Instructional leadership		1,003,415		945,852							1,003,415		945,852
School leadership		2,761,234		2,590,911							2,761,234		2,590,911
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation													
services		1,044,371		975,089							1,044,371		975,089
Social work services		3,476									3,476		
Health services		579,784		546,248							579,784		546,248
Student transportation		1,806,771		1,712,593							1,806,771		1,712,593
Food service		2,739,476		2,612,896							2,739,476		2,612,896
Extracurricular activities		1,852,772		1,752,224							1,852,772		1,752,224
General administration		2,246,537		2,164,688							2,246,537		2,164,688
Plant, maintenance and operations		4,813,971		4,578,667							4,813,971		4,578,667
Security and monitoring services		228,002		173,494							228,002		173,494
Data processing services		1,198,301		1,356,758							1,198,301		1,356,758
Community services		329,472		320,555							329,472		320,555
Interest on long-term debt		5,003,188		5,010,371							5,003,188		5,010,371
Payments related to shared services													
arrangements		1,199,074		1,222,535							1,199,074		1,222,535
Payments to Juvenile Justice		24404		20.04.5							24404		20045
Alternative Education Programs		24,194		20,916							24,194		20,916
Other governmental charges		245,899		249,544							245,899		249,544
Fuel Fund							02.550		70.226		02.550		70.224
Vending Fund		50,000,650		57.702.204	_		83,558		78,336	_	83,558		78,336
Total Expenses		58,088,659		57,792,384			83,558		78,336	_	58,172,217		57,870,720
Excess (deficiency) before transfers		(724,854)		(3,243,433)			35,194		31,587		(689,660)		(3,211,846)
Transfers		29,266	_	24,566	-		(29,266)	_	(24,566)	_			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		(695,588)		(3,218,867)			5,928		7,021		(689,660)		(3,211,846)
Beginning net position		3,662,014		6,880,881			10,112		3,091		3,672,126		6,883,972
Prior Period Adjustment Ending Net Position	Ф.	(4,702,801)		2 662 01 1	-	Φ.	16610	ф.	10.112	_	(4,702,801)		2 (72 12 1
Enung Net Fosition	\$	(1,736,375)	\$	3,662,014	-	\$	16,040	\$	10,112	\$	(1,720,335)	\$	3,672,126

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities decreased the District's net position by \$5,398,389. Revenues are generated primarily from three sources. Property taxes, state-aid formula grants, and operating grants and contributions represent 91 percent of total revenues. The remaining 9 percent is generated from charges for services, investment earnings, and miscellaneous revenues.

			% of Total
	Tot	al Revenues	Revenues
Property taxes	\$	32,111,442	56%
State Aid - Formula Grants		15,499,143	27%
Operating grants and contributions		4,347,291	8%
Other revenue		5,405,929	9%
Total Revenues	\$	57,363,805	100%

The primary functional expense of the District is instruction, which represents 51 percent of total expenses. The remaining individual functional categories of expenses are each less than 10 percent of total expenses.

			% of Total
	Tota	al Expenses	Expenses
Instruction	\$	29,857,798	51%
Interest on long-term debt		5,003,188	9%
Other expenses		23,227,673	40%
Total Expenses	\$	58,088,659	100%

Business-Type Activities

Net position of the District's business type activities increased by \$5,928 for the year ended August 31, 2015.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,907,314, an increase of \$667,386 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$8,813,664, while total fund balance reached \$12,458,046. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

During the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the District's general fund increased by \$705,025, while total general fund expenditures showed an increase of \$1,490,881. The increase in expenditures was primarily due to new personnel costs and a 2% increase given to all full-time employees.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$1,372,451, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net increase in the debt service fund balance during the current year of \$621,044 was in line with budgeted expectations.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget of the general fund and is summarized as follows:

	Budget			
			Final	
	 Original Amend			
Total revenues	\$ 43,691,000	\$	43,743,699	
Total expenditures	 43,831,000		44,761,573	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (140,000)	\$	(1,017,874)	

Capital Assets and Long-Term Liabilities

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of August 31, 2015, includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress. The investment in capital assets (capital outlays) during the current year amounted to \$1,343,863. The following table summarizes the investment in capital assets as of August 31, 2015 and 2014.

	 2015	2014
Land	\$ 2,282,209	\$ 2,174,969
Buildings and improvements	139,922,463	139,613,996
Furniture and equipment	 10,225,014	9,829,580
Total	152,429,686	151,618,545
Accumulated depreciation	 (57,049,403)	(52,372,422)
Net capital assets	\$ 95,380,283	\$ 99,246,123

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Long-term Liabilities

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had \$105,515,000 in bonded debt outstanding, a decrease of \$1,930,000 over the previous year. The District's bonds are sold with a "AAA" rating and are guaranteed through the Texas Permanent School Fund Guarantee Program. The underlying rating of the bonds from Standard and Poor's is "AA-" and from Moody's Investors Service is "Aa3" for general obligation debt.

Changes in long-term debt, for the year ended August 31, 2015, are as follows:

Outstanding Outsta						Outstanding
	09/01/14	Issued	Retired			08/31/15
\$	107,445,000	\$	\$	(1,930,000)	\$	105,515,000

Additional information on the District's long-term liabilities can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Indicators, both financial and non-financial, that will impact the District in the immediate future are:

- The District's enrollment was projected to increase by .4% or approximately 24 students at the time the 2015-2016 budget was adopted.
- Net taxable property values in the District have increased 8.67% over the prior year. The average taxable value of a residence in Friendswood has shown a six-year upward trend increasing from an average taxable value in 2009 of \$223,820 to \$242,926in 2015. From the increase in taxable property values, the District estimates an increase in general fund tax revenue of \$2,052,362 in 2015-2016.
- The maintenance and operations tax rate for fiscal year 2015-2016 is \$1.04 while the debt service tax rate is \$.327 for a total tax rate of \$1.367. This rate has remained unchanged for the past eight years.
- In June 2015, the state legislature added \$1.5B to the Foundation School Program, increasing funding for most school districts in Texas. As a result of these changes, the District's 2015-2016 state funding revenues are projected to increase by approximately \$561,648
- Operating expenses per student in the District's general fund were \$7,107 for 2014-2015. Operating expenses per student for the 2015-2016 year are projected to be \$7,453.
- Expenditures are budgeted to increase 4% or \$1.87 million. This increase is primarily due to the approval of a new teacher salary schedule for 2015-2016 and a 3% pay increase given to all other full-time employees. In addition, we hired 10 new staff, 7 of which are teachers.
- In 2015, the Galveston County Appraisal District re-appraised most homes in the county resulting in an increase in taxable values of 8.6% for FISD. In addition, construction from commercial and residential new property development is expected to increase taxable values by an estimated \$6M in the near future.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the budget for 2015-2016. The Friendswood Independent School District general fund adopted budget for 2015–2016 is as follows:

General Fund Budget	 Original
Budgeted Revenues	\$ 46,015,000
Budgeted Expenditures	 45,610,000
Budget Surplus	\$ 405,000

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office at Friendswood Independent School District, 302 Laurel Drive, Friendswood, TX 77546. You may also view previous year's financial reports on the District's website at www.fisdk12.net.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

August 31, 2015

Data Control Codes	_	Governmental Activities		iness-type ctivities		Total
	Assets					
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,118,161	\$	17,111	\$	16,135,272
1225	Property taxes receivables, net	510,447				510,447
1240	Due from other governments	2,467,322				2,467,322
1267	Due from fiduciary funds	52,431				52,431
1290	Other receivables, net	69,155		990		70,145
1300	Inventories	170,985				170,985
1410	Prepaid items	773,397				773,397
	Capital assets not subject to depreciation:					
1510	Land	2,282,209				2,282,209
	Capital assets net of depreciation:					
1520	Buildings and improvements, net	88,627,888				88,627,888
1530	Furniture and equipment, net	4,470,186				4,470,186
1000	Total Assets	115,542,181		18,101		115,560,282
	Deferred Outflows of Resources					
1700	Deferred charge on refunding	146,949				146,949
1705	Deferred outflows relating to pension activities	1,124,742				1,124,742
	Total deferred outflows of resources	1,271,691				1,271,691
	Liabilities					
2110	Accounts payable	627,995		2,061		630,056
2120	Other liabilities - current	3,500		,		3,500
2140	Interest payable	219,497				219,497
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings	125				125
2160	Accrued wages payable	1,679,484				1,679,484
2300	Unearned revenue	731,590				731,590
	Noncurrent Liabilities:					, , , , , ,
2501	Due within one year	2,162,823				2,162,823
2502	Due in more than one year	107,704,776				107,704,776
2540	Net pension liability	4,150,735				4,150,735
2000	Total Liabilities	117,280,525		2,061		117,282,586
	Deferred Inflows of Resources					
2600	Deferred inflows relating to pension activities	1,269,722				1,269,722
	Total deferred inflows of resources	1,269,722				1,269,722
	Net Position					
3200	Net investment in capital assets	(12,313,737)				(12,313,737)
5200	Restricted for:	(12,313,737)				(12,313,737)
3820	Federal and state programs	19,153				19,153
3840	Food service	507,535				507,535
3850	Debt service	1,255,665				1,255,665
3900	Unrestricted	8,795,009		16,040		8,811,049
3000	Total Net Position	\$ (1,736,375)	\$	16,040	\$	(1,720,335)
3000	TOTAL THE T UNITED II	ψ (1,730,373)	φ	10,040	Ψ	(1,120,333)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

				Program Revenue			enue	
Data Control		_	_		harges for	G	perating rants and	
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions	
	Governmental activities:							
11	Instruction	\$	29,857,798	\$	1,800,138	\$	3,110,948	
12	Instructional resources and media services		685,724				25,626	
13	Curriculum and staff development		465,200		22,676		70,770	
21	Instructional leadership		1,003,415				75,061	
23	School leadership		2,761,234				154,076	
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation		1,044,371				51,346	
32	Social work services		3,476					
33	Health services		579,784				107,317	
34	Student transportation		1,806,771				122,581	
35	Food service		2,739,476		2,257,104		192,632	
36	Extracurricular activities		1,852,772		260,885		76,878	
41	General administration		2,246,537				102,504	
51	Plant, maintenance and operations		4,813,971		295,007		179,382	
52	Security and monitoring services		228,002					
53	Data processing services		1,198,301				52,544	
61	Community services		329,472		262,781		25,626	
72	Interest on long-term debt		5,003,188					
93	Payments related to shared services		1,199,074					
95	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative		24,194					
99	Other governmental charges		245,899					
TG	Total governmental activities		58,088,659		4,898,591		4,347,291	
	Business-type activities							
01	Fuel Fund				5,928			
02	Vending Fund		83,558		112,824			
TB	Total business-type activities		83,558		118,752			
TP	Total primary government	\$	58,172,217	\$	5,017,343	\$	4,347,291	
	D	ata						

Data Control Codes

General revenues:

Taxes:

MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes
 DT Property taxes, levied for debt service
 SF State-aid formula grants

IE Investment earnings

TE investment carm

MI Miscellaneous

FR Transfers

TR Total general

CN Change in net position

NB Net position - beginning

PA Prior period adjustments

NE Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Primary Government					
	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
\$	(24,946,712)	\$	\$ (24,946,712)		
	(660,098)		(660,098)		
	(371,754)		(371,754)		
	(928,354)		(928,354)		
	(2,607,158)		(2,607,158)		
	(993,025)		(993,025)		
	(3,476)		(3,476)		
	(472,467)		(472,467)		
	(1,684,190)		(1,684,190)		
	(289,740)		(289,740)		
	(1,515,009)		(1,515,009)		
	(2,144,033)		(2,144,033)		
	(4,339,582)		(4,339,582)		
	(228,002)		(228,002)		
	(1,145,757)		(1,145,757)		
	(41,065)		(41,065)		
	(5,003,188)		(5,003,188)		
	(1,199,074)		(1,199,074)		
	(24,194)		(24,194)		
	(245,899)		(245,899)		
	(48,842,777)		(48,842,777)		
	(48,842,777)	5,928 29,266 35,194 35,194	5,928 29,266 35,194 (48,807,583)		
	24,450,793 7,660,649 15,499,143 59,846 447,492 29,266 48,147,189	(29,266)	24,450,793 7,660,649 15,499,143 59,846 447,492		
	(695,588)	5,928	(689,660)		
	3,662,014	10,112	3,672,126		
	(4,702,801)	10,112	(4,702,801)		
\$	(1,736,375)	\$ 16,040	\$ (1,720,335)		
<u> </u>	/	- ,	. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

August 31, 2015

Data Control Codes		General Fund	Debt Service Fund		
Codes	- Assets	General Fund	-	Tuliu	
1110	Cash and temporary investments	\$ 11,649,317	\$	1,358,232	
1110	Receivables:	Ψ 11,0+2,517	Ψ	1,550,252	
1220	Property taxes - delinquent	471,552		135,247	
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes (credit)	(78,035)		(18,317)	
1240	Receivables from other governments	2,013,198		(,)	
1260	Due from other funds	558,250			
1290	Other receivables	67,940			
1300	Inventories, at cost	170,985			
1410	Prepaid items	773,397			
1000	Total Assets	\$ 15,626,604	\$	1,475,162	
			-		
	Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Bala	nces			
	Liabilities:				
2110	Accounts payable	\$ 334,975	\$		
2120	Other liabilities - current	3,500			
2150	Payroll withholdings payable	125			
2160	Accrued wages payable	1,673,307			
2170	Due to other funds	217,595			
2300	Unearned revenues	590,764			
2000	Total Liabilities	2,820,266			
	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
2600	Unavailable revenue - property taxes	348,292		102,711	
2000	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	348,292		102,711	
	Total Described Innovis of Resources	310,272		102,711	
	Fund Balances:				
	Nons pendable:				
3410	Inventories	170,985			
3430	Prepaid items	773,397			
	Restricted:				
3450	Grant restrictions				
3470	Capital acquisitions				
3480	Debt service			1,372,451	
	Committed:			, , ,	
3545	Other purposes	2,700,000			
3600	Unassigned	8,813,664			
3000	Total Fund Balances	12,458,046		1,372,451	
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	12,730,070	-	1,512,731	
-500	and Fund Balances	\$ 15,626,604	\$	1,475,162	

	d Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	2,349,725	\$	15,357,274		
			606,799		
			(96,352)		
	454,124		2,467,322		
	117,720		675,970		
	1,215		69,155		
			170,985		
			773,397		
\$	2,922,784	\$	20,024,550		
\$	293,020	\$	627,995		
·	,		3,500		
			125		
	6,177		1,679,484		
	405,944		623,539		
	140,826		731,590		
	845,967		3,666,233		
			451,003		
			451,003		
			170,985		
			773,397		
	526,688		526,688		
	688,320		688,320		
			1,372,451		
	861,809		3,561,809		
		_	8,813,664		
	2,076,817		15,907,314		
\$	2,922,784	\$	20,024,550		

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Exhibit C-2

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

August 31, 2015

Data
Control
Codes

Total fund balance, governmental funds

\$ 15,907,314

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

- 1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Capital assets at historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation, where applicable.
- Property taxes receivable have been levied and are due this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, these property taxes and related penalty and interest amounts (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts).
- 3 Deferred charges on refunding 146,949
- 4 Deferred inflows relating to pension activites (1,269,722)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

5	General obligation bonds	(105,515,000)
6	Premiums on issuance	(3,014,289)
7	Accreted interest on premium compound interest bonds	(224,722)
8	Accrued compensated absences	(928,864)
9	Accrued interest payable	(219,497)
10	Net pension liability	(4,150,735)
11	Deferred outflows relating to pension activities	1,124,742
19	Addition of Internal Service fund net position	576,163
	Total net position - governmental activities	\$ (1,736,375)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES

IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

Data Control Codes	_	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	Revenues				
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ 26,179,600	\$ 7,638,536	\$ 3,188,783	\$ 37,006,919
5800	State program revenues	18,030,963		794,142	18,825,105
5900	Federal program revenues	20,077		1,436,676	1,456,753
5020	Total Revenues	44,230,640	7,638,536	5,419,601	57,288,777
	Expenditures				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	24,976,128		2,438,580	27,414,708
0012	Instruction resources and media services	570,149		57,703	627,852
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	340,346		77,212	417,558
0021	Instructional leadership	879,736		23,895	903,631
0023	School leadership	2,418,282		66,757	2,485,039
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	940,625		104	940,729
0032	Social work services	1,770		1,500	3,270
0032	Health services	452,022		81,962	533,984
0034	Student transportation	1,606,784		01,502	1,606,784
0035	Food services	1,000,704		2,549,996	2,549,996
0036	Extracurricular activities	1,698,462		46,156	1,744,618
0041	General administration	1,999,404		10,101	2,009,505
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	4,213,192		38,805	4,251,997
0051	Security and monitoring services	198,805		6,008	204,813
0052	Data processing services	1,043,827		35,493	1,079,320
0055	Community services	285,480		33,493	285,480
0001	Debt service:	203,400			263,460
0071			1,930,000		1 020 000
0071	Principal on long-term debt		, ,		1,930,000
0072	Interest on long-term debt Capital outlay:		5,087,492		5,087,492
0001	-	426.015		667.700	1 104 714
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction	436,915		667,799	1,104,714
0002	Intergovernmental:	1 100 074			1 100 074
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements	1,199,074			1,199,074
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative	24104			24.104
0000	Education Program	24,194			24,194
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	245,899			245,899
6030	Total Expenditures	43,531,094	7,017,492	6,102,071	56,650,657
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	699,546	621,044	(682,470)	638,120
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
7915	Transfers in	5,479		29,266	34,745
8911	Transfers out	•		(5,479)	(5,479)
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)	5,479		23,787	29,266
1200	Net change in fund balances	705,025	621,044	(658,683)	667,386
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	11,753,021	751,407	2,735,500	15,239,928
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 12,458,046	\$ 1,372,451	\$ 2,076,817	\$ 15,907,314

Exhibit C-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

Data Control Codes

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (from C-3)

\$ 667,386

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (B-1) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Capital Outlay 1,343,863
Depreciation Expense (5,152,029)

2 Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain on the sale of the assets. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.

(57,674)

3 Property tax revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

106,120

4 Pension contributions made after the net pension liability date are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and are reported as deferred outflows on the face of the statement of net position.

790,748

Framework Repayment of bond principal, including payment to bond refunding agent, is an expenditure in the governmental fund, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

1,930,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

6 Pension expense for the pension plan measurement year

(383,662)

7 Decrease in interest payable not recognized in fund statements

2,724 186,041

8 Amortization of bond premium

9

10

(100,441)

Amortization of deferred loss on refunded bonds

Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds

(4,020)

11 (Increase) decrease in long-term portion of accrued compensated absences payable

96,987

12 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities (see D-3).

(121,631)

Change in net position of governmental activities (see B-1)

(695,588)

 $STATEMENT\ OF\ NET\ POSITION \\ PROPRIETARY\ FUNDS$

August 31, 2015

Data Control Codes		Act Ent	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
	Assets						
	Current Assets:						
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,111	\$	760,887		
1290	Other receivables		990				
	Total Current Assets		18,101		760,887		
1000	Total Assets		18,101		760,887		
	Liabilities						
	Current Liabilities:						
2110	Accounts payable		2,061		53,734		
	Total Current Liabilities		2,061		53,734		
	Non-current Liabilities:						
2590	Claims and judgments				130,990		
	Total Non-current Liabilities				130,990		
2000	Total Liabilities		2,061		184,724		
	Net Position						
3900	Unrestricted net position		16,040		576,163		
3000	Total Net Position	\$	16,040	\$	576,163		

 $STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES, EXPENSES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ NET\ POSITION$ $PROPRIETARY\ FUNDS$

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

Data Control Codes	l 		iness-type tivities - iterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
	Operating Revenues				_	
5754	Charges for services	\$	118,752	\$	11,553	
5020	Total Operating Revenues		118,752		11,553	
6100	Operating Expenses Payroll costs					
6200	Purchased and contracted services		78,921			
6400			4,637		140.770	
	Claims expense and other operating expenses				140,770	
6030	Total Operating Expenses		83,558		140,770	
1200	Operating Income		35,194		(129,217)	
	Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)					
7955	Investment earnings				7,586	
	Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				7,586	
	Income before Transfers		35,194		(121,631)	
	Transfers					
8911	Transfers out		(29,266)			
1200	Change in Net Position		5,928		(121,631)	
0100	Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)		10,112		697,794	
3300	Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$	16,040	\$	576,163	
2200	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10,0.0		0.0,200	

 ${\it COMBINING\,STATEMENT\,OF\,\,CASH\,FLOWS}$

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

	Ac En	iness-type tivities - iterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash received from user charges Cash receipts from quasi-external operating activities	\$	120,292	\$			
with other funds				11,553		
Cash payments for insurance claims				(89,352)		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(81,497)		(0),332)		
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		38,795		(77,799)		
				<u> </u>		
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:						
Advances to other funds		(29,266)				
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital						
Financing Activities		(29,266)				
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Interest on investments				7,586		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities				7,586		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		9,529		(70,213)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		7,582		831,100		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	17,111	\$	760,887		
Reconciliation to Balance Sheet						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Per Cash Flow	\$	17,111	\$	760,887		
Cash and Cash Equivalents per Balance Sheet	\$	17,111	\$	760,887		
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash						
Provided by Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	35,194	\$	(129,217)		
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		,		, , ,		
Decrease (increase) in Receivables		1,540				
Decrease (increase) in Prepaid Items				62,090		
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable		2,061		881		
Increase (decrease) in Claims Payable			_	(11,553)		
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	38,795	\$	(77,799)		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION August 31, 2015

Data Control Codes		Private Purpose Trust Funds		Age	ncy Fund
	Assets				
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,028	\$	581,819
	Total Assets	\$	8,028	\$	581,819
2110	Liabilities Accounts payable	\$		\$	116,091
2170	Due to other funds	Ψ		Ψ	52,431
2170	Due to student groups				403,032
2200	Other Accrued expenses				10,265
2000	Total Liabilities			\$	581,819
3800	Net Position Restricted	\$	8,028		
2000	Restricted	Ψ	0,020		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust Funds					
Additions						
Gifts and contributions	\$					
Total additions						
Deductions Non-operating expenses						
Total deductions						
Change in net position						
Net position beginning of year		8,028				
Net position end of year	\$	8,028				

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Friendswood Independent School District (District) is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board), which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the District. Because members of the Board are elected by the public; have authority to make decisions; appoint management and significantly influence operations; and have primary accountability for fiscal matters; the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present the District. There are no component units, entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable, included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to students or users who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The proprietary and private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus, but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Grant revenues and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *debt service fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Proprietary Funds

- The *enterprise fund* accounts for activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities. The District's nonmajor enterprise funds are the fuel fund and the vending fund.
- The *internal service fund* accounts for workers' compensation benefits provided to other funds and/or employees of the District on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds

- The *private purpose trust fund* is used to report all trust arrangements by the District. This fund type is used to account for the District's scholarship funds.
- The *agency fund* is used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for student organizations and taxpayer refunds and overpayments. The fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operation.

Nonmajor governmental funds of the District include federal, state and local grant funds accounted for as *special revenue funds*. Additionally, the *capital projects fund*, which is used to account for the proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and technology projects/enhancements, is included in the nonmajor governmental funds of the District.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to students or users for goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes and investment income.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, investment pools, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the District are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices at August 31, 2015. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pools is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Property tax receivables include unpaid property taxes at year-end along with penalties and interest assessed on these unpaid taxes and are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is based on historical collections. Revenues from property taxes are recognized when levied to the extent they are available. The District considers property taxes as available when collected. However, not all outstanding property taxes are expected to be collected within one year of the date of the financial statements. Property values are determined by the Galveston Central Appraisal District as of January 1 of each year. The amount of net assessed values for fiscal year 2015 (tax year 2014) were \$2,331,605,048. Prior to September 1 of each year, the District must adopt its annual budget and as soon thereafter as practicable, shall adopt a tax rate thus creating the tax levy. The District's combined tax rate was \$1.367, which in included \$1.04 for maintenance and operations, and \$.327 for debt service. Property taxes for the current calendar year are levied on approximately October 1 of each year and are payable by January 31 of the following year. Property tax receivables are recorded as of the date levied. The total levy for the 2015 fiscal year was \$31,873,041. Unpaid taxes become delinquent on February 1 and a tax lien on real property is created as of July 1 of each year.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consisting of supplies and materials are valued at weighted average cost and they include maintenance, transportation, and office and instructional supplies. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Food service commodity inventory is recorded at fair market value on the date received. Commodities are recognized as revenues in the period received when all the eligibility requirements are met. Commodity inventory items are recorded as expenditures when distributed to user locations. A portion of fund balance is classified as non-spendable to reflect minimum inventory quantities considered necessary for the District's continuing operations.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. The District's infrastructure includes parking lots and roads associated with various buildings. The cost of the infrastructure was initially capitalized with the building cost and is being depreciated over the same useful life as the building. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost that equals or exceeds \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	In Years
Buildings and improvements	9 - 30
Furniture and equipment	5 - 25

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid, such as sick leave. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the government and its employees is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the government and its employees are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or such events take place.

In the governmental funds, compensated absences that are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and fund liability in the fund that will pay for them. The remainder of the compensated absences liability is reported in long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Long-term Obligations

The District's long-term obligations consist of bonded indebtedness, workers' compensation, and compensated absences. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities and proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The current requirements for general obligation bonds principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the debt service fund. The current requirements for notes payable principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the general fund. The current requirements for compensated absences are accounted for in the general fund. The current requirements for workers' compensation are accounted for in the workers' compensation fund.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of financial position as described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred outflows of resources for refunding Reported in the government-wide statement of net
 position, this deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of
 refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter
 of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Deferred outflows of resources for pension Reported in the government wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results of differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The other pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan which is currently 6.94 years.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

A *deferred inflow of resources* is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- Deferred inflows of resources for pension Reported in the government wide financial statement
 of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from of differences between projected and
 actual earnings on pension plan investments. These amounts will be amortized over a closed five
 year period.

Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position and Fund Balances

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, Friendswood Independent School District implemented GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are not in spendable form or are required to be maintained intact. As such, inventory and prepaid items have been properly classified in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Exhibit C-1).

Restricted fund balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of local, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. the Board of Trustees). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the District takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint. The District establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a commitment of the fund. The District has committed 100 percent of Fund 461 Campus Activity Funds' fund balance, \$1,200,000 in the General Fund for a loss in State funding and \$1,500,000 in the General Fund for disaster recovery.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assigned fund balance – amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. The Board has delegated authority to the Superintendent to establish fund balance assignments. The District did not have any assigned fund balance at August 31, 2015.

Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in the Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standards:

GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions ("GASB 68") establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. The Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

GASB Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date ("GASB 71") amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 requires that, at transition, a government recognizes a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Cash Deposits

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Texas School Depository Act. The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the District's and the depository bank's agent bank. The pledged securities are approved by the Texas Education Agency and shall be in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. At August 31, 2015, the District's cash in bank totaled \$10,202,403 while the carrying value was \$9,467,409. Pledged collateral and FDIC insurance for these deposits totaled \$12,248,523. Certificates of deposit at August 31, 2015 totaled \$3,500,000. Pledged collateral and NCUSIF insurance for the certificates of deposit totaled \$3,536,859. As such, the District's cash and certificates of deposit were properly collateralized at August 31, 2015.

The District's investment policy is in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the Public Funds Collateral Act, and federal and state laws. The District further limits its investments to obligations of the U.S. Treasury or the State of Texas, certain U.S. Agencies, certificates of deposit, collateralized mortgage obligations, no-load money market mutual funds, certain municipal securities, repurchase agreements, or investment pools.

Investments

For fiscal year 2015, the District invested in the State of Texas Texpool, the State of Texas TexSTAR Investment Pool, MBIA Texas Class Investment Pool, and the Texas Association of School Boards Lone Star Investment Pool. Texpool, TexSTAR and Lone Star operate in a manner consistent with the Security and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Texpool is duly chartered and overseen by the State Comptroller's Office and administered by Federated Investors, Inc. The State Street Bank is the custodial bank. The portfolio consists of U.S. T-Bills, T-Notes, collateralized repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, and no-load money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and rated AAA or equivalent by at least one nationally recognized rating service. Lone Star Investment Pool is duly chartered by the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act, is administered by First Public, LLC, and managed by Standish Mellon and American Beacon Advisors. The Bank of New York is the custodial bank. Lone Star Investment Pool is restricted to invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; other obligations insured by the United States; fully collateralized repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, secured by obligations described previously; and SEC-registered no-load money market mutual funds, the assets which consist exclusively of the obligations described above. TexSTAR Investment Pool is duly chartered by the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act, is administered and managed by JPMorgan Fleming Asset Management, Inc. and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. JP Morgan Chase Bank and/or its subsidiary JP Morgan Investor Services Co. is the custodial bank. The primary objectives of TexSTAR are, in order of priority, preservation and protection of principal, maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet Participants' needs, diversification to avoid unreasonable or avoidable risks, and yield. MBIA Texas Class Pool is duly chartered by the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act, is administered and managed by MBIA Municipal Investors Service Corporation. Wells Fargo Bank N.A. is the custodial bank. The primary objectives of MBIA Texas Class Pool, is to maintain safety of principal while providing participating government entities (Participants) with the highest possible rate of return for invested funds.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments (continued)

At year-end, the District's cash and investments balances and the weighted average maturity of these investments were as follows:

	Fa	nir Market Value	Weighted Average Maturity (In days)		
Governmental Activities:					
Cash and deposits	\$	8,860,451	N/A		
Certificates of deposit		3,500,000	314		
Investments					
Local Government Investment Pools: Lone Star		2 592 960	27		
MBIA Texas Class		2,583,869 961,577	27 54		
Texpool		65,169	47		
TexStar		147,095	47		
		3,757,710	35		
Total Investments		7,257,710			
Total Governmental Activities		16,118,161			
Business-type Activities:					
Cash and deposits		17,111			
Total Business-type Activities		17,111			
Fiduciary Funds:					
Cash and deposits		589,847			
Total Fiduciary Funds		589,847			
Total	\$	16,725,119			
Investment earnings	\$	59,846			
Total Investment earnings	\$	59,846			
	Ψ	27,010			

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The District monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis. In accordance with its investment policy, the District reduces its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio as a whole to no more than 360 days. In addition, the District shall not directly invest in an individual security maturing more than twelve months from the date of purchase.

Credit Risk

State law and the District's investment policy limits investments in all categories to top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. As of August 31, 2015, the District's investments were rated as follows:

Investment	Rating	Rating Agency			
Lone Star	AAA	Standard and Poor's			
MBIA Texas Class	AAAm	Standard and Poor's			
Texpool	AAAm	Standard and Poor's			
TexStar	AAAm	Standard and Poor's			

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy requires the investment portfolio to be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer. Investments with concentrations of over five percent of the total portfolio at August 31, 2015 consisted of the following:

	Fa	Fair Market Value		
Investment Type				
Lone Star	\$	2,583,869	35.60%	
MBIA Texas Class		961,577	13.25%	

The investments are reported by the District at fair value.

Note 3 - Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the District's individual major and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund		00111111		Total Nonmajor Funds		Proprietary Funds		Total
Property taxes	\$	471,552	\$	135,247	\$		\$		\$ 606,799
Due from other governments		2,013,198				454,124			2,467,322
Other		67,940				1,215		990	70,145
Gross receivables		2,552,690		135,247		455,339		990	3,144,266
Less allowance for doubtful									
accounts		(78,035)		(18,317)					(96,352)
Net total receivables	\$	2,474,655	\$	116,930	\$	455,339	\$	990	\$ 3,047,914

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period or in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reported unearned revenues for advanced collection of fees in the amount of \$731,590.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2015, was as follows:

		Balance			(Ret	tire ments)		Balance
	September 1, 2014		Additions		and Transfers		August 31, 2015	
Capital assets, not being depreciated								_
Land	\$	2,174,969	\$	107,240	\$		\$	2,282,209
Total Capital assets, not being depreciated		2,174,969		107,240				2,282,209
Capital assets, being depreciated								_
Buildings and improvements		139,613,996		479,256		(170,789)		139,922,463
Furniture and equipment		9,829,580		757,367		(361,933)		10,225,014
Total Capital assets, being depreciated		149,443,576		1,236,623		(532,722)		150,147,477
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(46,901,006)		(4,510,005)		116,436		(51,294,575)
Furniture and Equipment		(5,471,416)		(642,024)		358,612		(5,754,828)
Total Accumulated depreciation		(52,372,422)		(5,152,029)		475,048		(57,049,403)
Governmental Capital Assets	\$	99,246,123	\$	(3,808,166)	\$	(57,674)	\$	95,380,283

Note 4 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

	De	preciation	
Function	Expense		
Instruction	\$	2,910,565	
Instructional resources and media services		66,405	
Curriculum and staff development		39,672	
Instructional leadership		102,533	
School leadership		281,723	
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		109,716	
Social work services		206	
Health services		52,671	
Student transportation		187,254	
Food Services		297,432	
Extracurricular activities		201,636	
General administration		232,974	
Plant maintenance and operations		491,135	
Security and monitoring services		23,189	
Data processing services		121,647	
Community services		33,271	
	\$	5,152,029	

The District had no construction commitments as of August 31, 2015.

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund balances consist of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements that result primarily from payroll and other regularly occurring charges that are paid by the general fund and then charged back to the appropriate other fund. Additionally, some lending/borrowing may occur between two or more nonmajor governmental funds.

A transfer of \$27,491 was made from a proprietary fund to a nonmajor special revenue fund to allocate the vending net profit to individual campus/departments. In addition, a transfer from a proprietary fund to a nonmajor governmental fund in the amount of \$1,775 was necessary to cover amounts that were considered uncollectible at year end. \$5,479 was transferred from the nonmajor governmental fund to a general fund for unutilized grants for Education Foundation.

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (continued)

The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2015, is as follows:

	Inte rfund		Iı	nte rfund		
	Re	ceivable	I	Payable		Net
Governmental Funds						
General Fund	\$	558,250	\$	217,595	\$	340,655
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		117,720		405,944		(288,224)
Total Governmental Funds		675,970		623,539		52,431
Fiduciary Funds	,					
Agency Fund				52,431		(52,431)
Total Fiduciary Funds				52,431		(52,431)
T			Φ.	45. 050	Φ.	
Total	\$	675,970	\$	675,970	\$	

Note 6 - Compensated Absences and Other Retirement/Sick Leave Benefits

A local retirement program that was in effect for five years prior to the 2005-2006 fiscal year was rescinded during the 2006 fiscal year by the Board of Trustees. The remaining liability under this plan will be retired in accordance with the terms of the original resolution. In that regard, no more than 1.0 percent of budgeted salaries for the subsequent year plus \$100,000 may be used for retirement of the remaining liability.

The District's sick-leave benefits provide for up to the amount of contract days of local sick leave for full retirement or 100 days of local sick leave for reduced service retirement that may be accrued while employed by the District. Compensation is based on the current substitute's daily rate. The rate of accrual depends on the position and length of work-day.

The following summarizes the District's liability and the changes for the year:

Balance, September 1, 2014	\$ 1,025,851
Additions: New entrants and salary increments	59,134
Deductions: Payments to participants	(156,121)
Balance, August 31, 2015	\$ 928,864

Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide annual reports and material event notices to the State Information Depository of Texas through the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of Friendswood Independent School District. The District is subject to a legal debt margin in which the net indebtedness shall not exceed 10 percent of all assessed real and personal property in the District. At August 31, 2015, the legal debt limit was \$233,160,505 and the legal debt margin was \$121,443,486.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation debt indentures. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions as of August 31, 2015.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. These are issued as current interest bonds, term bonds, and capital appreciation bonds (CAB) with various amounts of principal maturing each year.

Bonds payable for the year ended August 31, 2015 were as follows:

Issue	Original issuance amount	Interest Rate (%)	Maturity Date	Debt Outstanding
Unlimited Tax Schoolhouse Bonds, Series 2006	\$ 5,590,554	3.78%	2/15/2017	\$ 660,000
Unlimited Tax Schoolhouse Bonds, Series 2008	96,750,000	4.00% to 5.00%	2/15/2037	96,250,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2009	10,000,000	2.00% to 3.00%	2/15/2018	4,415,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	4,190,000	3.00%	2/15/2022	4,190,000
				\$ 105,515,000

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending			
August 31,	Principal	Interest	Totals
2016	\$ 1,990,000	\$ 5,016,146	\$ 7,006,146
2017	2,040,000	4,950,747	6,990,747
2018	3,555,000	5,093,613	8,648,613
2019	3,885,000	4,711,038	8,596,038
2020-2024	20,535,000	20,690,790	41,225,790
2025-2029	22,865,000	15,507,690	38,372,690
2030-2034	29,265,000	9,106,950	38,371,950
2035-2037	21,380,000	1,639,250	23,019,250
	\$ 105,515,000	\$ 66,716,224	\$ 172,231,224

Accreted Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds

With capital appreciation bonds, the interest is paid upon maturity of the bonds. In order to properly reflect the amounts payable on these bonds, the annual interest is added to the long-term liabilities as accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds. The interest on these obligations will be paid upon maturity in the fiscal year 2018. The values associated with the bonds are reflected in the table below:

	A	ccreted			A	ccreted	\mathbf{N}	Iaturity	Maturity
Series	Value		Principal		pal Interest			Value	Dates
2012	\$	324,722	\$	100,000	\$	224,722	\$	335,000	2018

Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Prior Years' Refunding of Long-Term Debt

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation debt by placing the proceeds of the new bonds, in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased debt are not included in the District's financial statements. At August 31, 2015, \$1,785,000 of previously refunded debt outstanding was considered defeased.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the District's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended August 31, 2015:

	Balance August 31, 2014		Additions		Retirements		Balance August 31, 2015		Due Within One Year	
General obligation bonds	\$	107,445,000	\$		\$	(1,930,000)	\$	105,515,000	\$	1,990,000
Premiums/discounts		3,200,330				(186,041)		3,014,289		
Accreted interest on premium										
compound interest bonds		220,702		4,020				224,722		
Net pension liability		5,096,764		717,656		(1,663,685)		4,150,735		
Workers' compensation claims		195,396		140,770		(151,442)		184,724		53,734
Accrued compensated absences		1,025,851		59,134		(156,121)		928,864		119,089
	\$	117,184,043	\$	921,580	\$	(4,087,289)	\$	114,018,334	\$	2,162,823

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2015, the District implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 68 and 71 relating to the recognition of the District's share of net pension liability relating to the State of Texas Teachers Retirement System cost sharing pension plan. The beginning balance of this long-term liability has been presented in this schedule for comparison purposes.

Note 8 - Revenues from Local, Intermediate, and Out-of-State Sources

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General Fund	De	bt Service Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	 Total
Property Taxes	\$ 24,370,507	\$	7,634,815	\$		\$ 32,005,322
Investment Income	47,528		3,721		8,597	59,846
Co-curricular student activities	486,259					486,259
Food Sales					2,307,850	2,307,850
Other	1,275,306				872,336	2,147,642
	\$ 26,179,600	\$	7,638,536	\$	3,188,783	\$ 37,006,919

Note 9 - Operating Leases

Commitments under operating lease (non-capitalized) agreements for facilities and equipment are subject to fiscal funding clauses. As such, the agreements are cancelable and the District is therefore not obligated for minimum future rental payments as of August 31, 2015.

Rental expenditures during the year amounted to \$201,222.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of se years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (continued)

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. It also added a 1.5% contribution for employers not paying Old Age Survivor and Disability Insurance (OASDI) on certain employees effective for fiscal year 2015 as discussed in Note 1 of the TRS 2014 CAFR. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015.

	Contribution Rates				
	Plan Fis	cal year			
	2014	2015			
Member	6.4%	6.7%			
Employer	6.8%	6.8%			

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA), Contributions and pension expense for all contributors were as follows:

	Measurem				
	 ntributions quired and Made	Pension Expense	TRS Contributions Made During Fiscal Year		
Member (Employee)	\$ 366,366	\$	\$	2,086,493	
Non-employer contributing agency (State)	1,668,864	1,628,979			
District	393,963	383,662		790,748	

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (continued)

Contributions (continued)

• When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, when employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2014

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Open

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method 5 year Market Value

Discount Rate 8.00% Long-term expected Investment Rate of 8.00%

Return*

Salary Increases* 4.25% to 7.25%

Weighted-Average at Valuation Date 5.55% Payroll Growth Rate 5.50%

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2010 and adopted on April 8, 2011. With the exception of the post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives and a minor change to the expected retirement age for inactive vested members stemming from the actuarial audit performed in the Summer of 2014, the assumptions and methods are the same as used in the prior valuation. When the mortality assumptions were adopted in 2011 they contained a significant margin for possible future mortality improvement. As of the date of the valuation there has been a significant erosion of this margin to the point that the margin has been eliminated. Therefore, the post-retirement mortality rates for current and future retirees was decreased to add additional margin for future improvement in mortality in accordance with the Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 35.

^{*}Includes Inflation of 3%

Long Town

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2014 are summarized below:

			Long Term
			Expected
			Portfolio
	Target	Real Return	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Geometric Basis	Re turn*
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	7.0%	1.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	7.3%	1.1%
Emerging Markets	9%	8.1%	0.9%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	5.4%	0.2%
Private Equity	13%	9.2%	1.4%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	2.9%	0.3%
Absolute Return	0%	4.0%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	5.2%	0.2%
Cash	1%	2.0%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	3.1%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	7.3%	1.5%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	8.8%	0.3%
Commodities	0%	3.4%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5%	8.9%	0.4%
Alpha			1.0%
Total	100%		8.7%

^{*} The Expected Contributions to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the 2014 Net Pension Liability.

	Current					
	1% Decrease	1% Increase				
	7%	8%	9%			
District's proportional share of the net						
pension liability	\$ 7,417,112	\$ 4,150,735	\$ 1,708,094			

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At August 31, 2014, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the elated State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,150,735
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	17,620,461
Total	\$ 21,771,196

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2013 thru August 31, 2014.

At August 31, 2014 and 2013, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0284%.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

There was a change in employer contribution requirements that occurred after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the employer's reporting date. A 1.5% contribution for employers not paying Old Age Survivor and Disability Insurance (OASDI) on certain employees went into law effective September 1, 2014. The amount of the expected resultant change in the employer's proportion cannot be determined at this time.

For the year ended August 31, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 383,662 as well as revenue of \$1,668,864 representing pension expense incurred by the State on behalf of the District.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (continued)

At August 31, 2015, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Oı	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	64,192	\$
Changes of assumptions		269,802	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan			
investments			1,268,634
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions			1,088
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		790,748	
Total	\$	1,124,742	\$ 1,269,722

The \$ 790,748 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2016. The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
June 30	Amount
2016	\$ (261,120)
2017	(261,120)
2018	(261,120)
2019	(261,118)
2020	56,039
2021	52,711

Note 11 - Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description

The Friendswood Independent School District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under TRS. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by writing to the TRS Communications Department, 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by downloading the report from the TRS Internet website, www.trs.state.tx.us, under the TRS Publications heading. The Texas Legislature determines the funding of benefits and has no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. Currently, the benefits of TRS-Care are financed through a combination of retiree premiums and percentage of payroll contributions from active employees, school districts, and the State of Texas.

Note 11 - Retiree Health Plan (continued)

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The State of Texas and active public school employee contribution rates were 1% and .65% of public school payroll, respectively, with school districts contributing a percentage of payroll set at .55% for fiscal years 2015, 2014, and 2013. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than .25% or greater than .75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. For staff members funded by federal programs, the federal programs are required to contribute 1%.

Contributions made by the State, District, and staff members for the years ended August 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013 are as follows:

	State	TRS Care	Ι	District				
	Contributions		Contributions Required		Staff Members'			
For the Year Made on Behalf		Con	tributions	Cont	ributions to	(Covered	
Ended August 31	of th	ne District	to 7	to TRS Care TR		RS Care		Payroll
2015	\$	301,987	\$	180,711	\$ 202,419		\$	31,141,812
2014		289,428		174,025		194,352		29,900,254
2013		139,848		163,842		187,776		28,888,553

For the current fiscal year and each of the past two years, the District's contributions were equal to 100% of the required contributions. The contributions made by the State on behalf of the District have been recorded in the governmental funds financial statements of the District as both state revenues and expenditures. These contributions are the legal responsibility of the state.

The Medicare Prescription Drug Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended August 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, the subsidy payments received by the TRS-Care on-behalf of the district were \$125,545, \$80,341, and \$73,918 respectively. The payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statements of the District.

Note 12 - Risk Management

Property/Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property/liability losses for which the District carries commercial insurance.

Health Insurance

The District provides medical insurance coverage for its employees under the TRS-ActiveCare insurance provided by the Teachers' Retirement System of Texas.

Note 12 - Risk Management (continued)

Workers' Compensation

The District established a limited risk management program for workers' compensation in 1988 by participating as a self-funded member of the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. As a self-funded member of the Fund, Friendswood ISD is solely responsible for all claims costs, both reported and unreported. The Fund provides administrative service to its self-funded members including claims administration and customer service.

Premiums are paid from reserves in the internal service fund. The reserves are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. These interfund premiums are used to reduce the amount of claims expenditures reported in the general fund.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities also include an estimated amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards.

Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from stop-loss or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$350,000 and annual losses exceeding \$1,000,000. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlements have not exceeded coverage's for each of the past three fiscal years.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	•	ginning of ar Accrual	Cui	hange in rent Year stimates	_	Claims ayments	End of Year Accrual		C	Current	
2015	\$	195,396	\$	140,770	\$	(151,442)	\$	184,724	\$	53,734	
2014		308,880		154,805		(268,289)		195,396		20,231	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 13 - Shared Service Arrangements / Joint Ventures

The District participates in four separate Shared Service Arrangements that are described in more detail below.

The District participates in a Shared Service Arrangement (SSA) for Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program with eight other school districts. Although 8.7 percent of the activity of the SSA is attributable to the District's participation, the District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Dickinson ISD, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Friendswood ISD. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA. Presented below are the revenues and expenditures attributable to the District's participation.

Revenues:		
Local revenue	\$	24,194
	-	
Expenditures:		
Payroll costs	\$	21,888
Contract services		2,153
Supplies and materials		106
Other operating costs		47
Total expenditures	\$	24,194

The District participates in a Shared Service Arrangement (SSA) for the Galveston-Brazoria Co-op for the Hearing Impaired that provides a system of direct and support services to eligible hearing impaired students of the member districts. In addition to Friendswood ISD, the other member districts include Alvin ISD, Clear Creek ISD, Dickinson ISD, Galveston ISD, Hitchcock ISD, La Marque ISD, Pearland ISD, Santa Fe ISD and Texas City ISD. All services are provided by the fiscal agent, Clear Creek ISD. The member districts provide the funds to the fiscal agent. Although approximately 2.3 percent of the total SSA expenditures are attributable to the District's participation, the District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. In addition, the District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent.

Revenues:		
Local revenue	\$	16,122
	<u> </u>	
Expenditures:		
Payroll costs	\$	12,575
Contract services		1,773
Supplies and materials		1,451
Other operating costs		322
Total expenditures	\$	16,122

Note 13 - Shared Service Arrangements / Joint Ventures (continued)

The District participates in the Visually Impaired Orientation and Mobility Shared Service Arrangement (SSA), which provides services for visually impaired students. Friendswood ISD participates in this SSA along with Dickinson ISD, Galveston ISD, Hitchcock ISD and Texas City ISD. Although approximately 35 percent of the activity of the SSA is attributable to the District's participation, the District does not account for the revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Galveston ISD, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Friendswood ISD. The fiscal agent is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA. Revenues attributable to the District's participation were \$27,661 for the 2015 fiscal year. Expenditures in the same amount were attributable to payroll costs.

The District participates in the Energy for Schools Shared Service Arrangement (SSA). Energy for Schools is a state electricity procurement cooperative with more than 97 member districts across the state. Member Districts are charged for their electric consumption at contracted rates. Although approximately 1.8 percent of the SSA is attributable to the District's participation, the District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in the financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Deer Park ISD, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. Revenues attributable to the District's participation were \$1,155,291 for the 2015 fiscal year. Expenditures in the same amount were attributable to contract services for energy costs.

Note 14 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 15 - Arbitrage

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, bonds must satisfy certain arbitrage rebate requirements. Positive arbitrage is the excess of (1) the amount earned on investments purchased with bond proceeds over (2) the amount that such investments would have earned had such investments been invested at a rate equal to the yield on the bond issue. In order to comply with the arbitrage rebate requirements, positive arbitrage must be paid to the U.S. Treasury at the end of each five year anniversary date of the bond issue. The District has estimated that it does not have an arbitrage liability as of August 31, 2015.

Note 16 - Other Post-Employment Benefits

The District does not provide post-employment healthcare benefits except those mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA). The requirements established by COBRA are fully funded by employees who elect coverage under the Act, and no direct costs are incurred by the District.

Note 17 - Prior Period Adjustment

The District has implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, for the year ending August 31, 2015. As a result the beginning net position of the District's governmental activities has been restated on the Statement of Activities to reflect the net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources relating to pension contributions made after the prior measurement date of the plan.

The following is a summary of the prior period adjustments to the net position of the governmental activities:

Beginning Net Position	\$	3,662,014
Restatement due to:		
Net pension liability (measurement date as of		
August 31, 2013)		(5,096,764)
Deferred Outflows:		
District contributions made to TRS during the fiscal year		393,963
Beginning Net Position - As Restated		(1,040,787)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended August 31,2015

Data Control				Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Codes	_		d Amounts	Basis		
		Original	Final			
	Revenues					
5700	Local revenues	\$ 25,642,457	\$ 25,695,156	\$ 26,179,600	\$ 484,444	
5800	State program revenues	18,028,543	18,028,543	18,030,963	2,420	
5900	Federal program revenues	20,000	20,000	20,077	77	
5020	Total Revenues	43,691,000	43,743,699	44,230,640	486,941	
	Expenditures					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction	25,211,817	25,297,168	24,976,128	321,040	
0012	Instruction resources and media services	650,195	685,587	570,149	115,438	
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff	294,589	360,739	340,346	20,393	
0021	Instructional leadership	864,350	899,587	879,736	19,851	
0023	School leadership	2,362,259	2,434,508	2,418,282	16,226	
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation	, ,	, - ,	, -, -	-, -	
	services	935,178	957,548	940,625	16,923	
0032	Social work services	1,000	8,500	1,770	6,730	
0033	Health services	433,891	468,891	452,022	16,869	
0034	Student transportation	1,751,825	1,709,336	1,606,784	102,552	
0036	Extracurricular activities	1,724,599	1,744,856	1,698,462	46,394	
0041	General administration	2,121,993	2,097,737	1,999,404	98,333	
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	4,308,445	4,355,458	4,213,192	142,266	
0052	Security and monitoring services	170,205	232,867	198,805	34,062	
0053	Data processing services	1,124,206	1,105,693	1,043,827	61,866	
0061	Community services	260,235	300,235	285,480	14,755	
0001	Capital outlay:	200,233	300,233	203,100	11,733	
0081	Capital outlay	500	469,910	436,915	32,995	
0001	Intergovernmental:	300	40),710	+30,713	32,773	
0093	Payments related to shared services					
0093	•	1,299,163	1,311,763	1,199,074	112,689	
0095	arrangements Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative	1,299,103	1,511,705	1,199,074	112,009	
0093	Education Programs	51,800	56,440	24,194	32,246	
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	264,750	264,750	24,194	18,851	
6030	Total Expenditures	43,831,000	44,761,573	43,531,094	1,230,479	
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues	45,651,000	44,701,373	43,331,094	1,230,479	
1100	over expenditures	(140,000)	(1.017.974)	600 546	1 717 420	
	over experimitures	(140,000)	(1,017,874)	699,546	1,717,420	
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
7915	Transfers in			5,479	5,479	
7080	Total other financing sources and uses			5,479	5,479	
1200	Net change in fund balances	(140,000)	(1,017,874)	705,025	1,722,899	
0100	Fund balances - beginning	11,753,021	11,753,021	11,753,021		
3000	Fund balances - ending	\$ 11,613,021	\$ 10,735,147	\$ 12,458,046	\$ 1,722,899	
2000		y 11,015,021	Ψ 10,133,111	Ψ 12, 130,010	Ψ 1,122,077	

Exhibit G-2

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	\$ 4,150,735 17,620,461
Total	\$ 21,771,196
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 29,900,254
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee	
payroll	13.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability *	83.25%
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll *	72.89%

The amounts presented for each Plan year which ends the preceding August 31 of the District's fiscal year.

Net pension liability is calculated using an new methodology and will be presented prospectively in accordance with GASB 68.

^{*} Per Teacher Retirement System of Texas' comprehensive annual financial report.

Exhibit G-3

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2015			2014		
Contractually required contributions	\$	790,748	\$	393,963		
Contributions in relation to the contractual						
required contributions		790,748		393,963		
contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$			
District's covered employee payroll	\$	31,141,812	\$	29,900,254		
Contributions as a percentage of covered						
employee payroll		2.54%		1.32%		

The District implemented GASB 68 and 71 during fiscal year 2015.

FRIENDSWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District adopts annual appropriations type budgets for the General Fund, Food Service Special Revenue Fund, and the Debt Service Fund using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting, as required by law. The remaining Special Revenue Funds (primarily federal grant programs) utilize a managerial type budget approved at the fund level and amended as necessary when the Notices of Grant Awards are received. These grants are subject to Federal, State and locally imposed project length budgets and monitoring through submission of reimbursement reports.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the function or activity level. Expenditure requests which would require an increase in total budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Trustees through formal budget amendment. State law prohibits trustees from making budget appropriations in excess of funds available and estimated revenues. State law also prohibits amendment of the budget after fiscal year end. Supplemental appropriations were made to the General Fund, Food Service Fund and Debt Service Fund during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2015.

The administrative level at which responsibility for control of budgeted appropriations begins is at the organizational level within each function of operations. The finance department reviews closely the expenditure requests submitted by the various organizational heads (principal and department heads) throughout the year to ensure proper spending compliance. No public funds of the District shall be expended in any manner other than as provided for in the budget adopted by the Board of Trustees.

The official school budget was prepared for adoption for budgeted governmental fund types by August 31, 2014. The budget was formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a duly advertised public meeting prior to the expenditure of funds. The final amended budget is filed with the Texas Education Agency (TEA) through inclusion in the annual financial and compliance report.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized in all government fund types. Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at that time are appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

B. Teacher Retirement System of Texas – Changes in Assumptions

Modifications to the actuarial methods and assumptions are based on a study of actual experience as adopted on April 8, 2011. The assumptions and methods used in the current valuation are the same except for the following modifications:

- Small reductions in the rates of retirements at most age and service combinations.
- Decrease in the post-retirement rates of mortality for both males and females.
- The salary increase assumption in the first year of employment was reduced.
- The method for determining the actuarial value of assets was modified to a method that sets the actuarial value of assets as the expected actuarial value of assets plus 20% of the difference between the actual market value of the assets and the expected actuarial value of assets.

Amounts reported for 2014 reflect the adoption of the new mortality assumption that the average life expectancy for members over 65 years of age will increase by roughly nine months over the next four years.

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
August 31, 2015

211 224 225

Data						
Control		ESI	EA Title	II	DEA-B	IDEA-B
Codes	_	Ι,	Part A	F	ormula	Preschool
	Assets					
1110	Cash and temporary investments	\$		\$		\$
	Receivables:					
1240	Receivables from other governments		29,522		69,660	
1260	Due from other funds					
1290	Other receivables					
1000	Total Assets	\$	29,522	\$	69,660	\$
						·
	Liabilities and Fund Balances					
	Liabilities:					
	Current Liabilities:					
2110	Accounts payable	\$		\$	1,881	\$
2160	Accrued wages payable					
2170	Due to other funds		29,522		67,779	
2300	Unearned revenues					
2000	Total Liabilities		29,522		69,660	
	Fund Balances:					
	Restricted:					
3450	Grant restrictions					
3470	Capital acquisitions					
	Committed:					
3545	Other purposes					
3000	Total Fund Balances					
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	29,522	\$	69,660	\$

226	240	244	255	263

IDEA-B Discretionary	Child Nutrition	Vocational Ed -Basic	Title II, Part A	Title III
\$	\$ 470,424	\$	\$	\$
	117,720		17,108	
	1,215			
\$	\$ 589,359	\$	\$ 17,108	\$
\$	\$ 75,647 6,177 81,824	\$	\$ 5,905 11,203 17,108	\$
	507,535			
\$	\$ 507,535 \$ 589,359	\$	\$ 17,108	\$
Ψ	Ψ 307,337	Ψ	ψ 17,100	Ψ

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
August 31, 2015

289 397 410

Data Control Codes	_	Miscellaneous Federal Programs	Pla	vanced cement centive	M	tructional aterials lotment
	Assets					
1110	Cash and temporary investments Receivables:	\$	\$	3,817	\$	
1240	Receivables from other governments					337,834
1260	Due from other funds					
1290	Other receivables					
1000	Total Assets	\$	\$	3,817	\$	337,834
	Liabilities and Fund Balances					
	Liabilities:					
2110	Current Liabilities:	Φ.	Φ.	400	Φ.	10.00.1
2110	Accounts payable	\$	\$	400	\$	40,394
2160	Accrued wages payable					207.440
2170	Due to other funds					297,440
2300	Unearned revenues			400		225.024
2000	Total Liabilities			400		337,834
	Fund Balances:					
	Restricted:					
3450	Grant restrictions			3,417		
3470	Capital acquisitions					
	Committed:					
3545	Other purposes					
3600	Total Fund Balances			3,417		
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	\$	3,817	\$	337,834

461	480	699

Campus Activity	Education Foundation Grants	Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$ 1,161,663	\$ 16,528	\$ 697,293	\$ 2,349,725	
			454,124 117,720	
\$ 1,161,663	\$ 16,528	\$ 697,293	1,215 \$ 2,922,784	
\$ 159,028	\$ 792	\$ 8,973	\$ 293,020 6,177 405,944	
140,826			140,826	
299,854	792	8,973	845,967	
	15,736	688,320	526,688 688,320	
861,809			861,809	
861,809	15,736	688,320	2,076,817	
\$ 1,161,663	\$ 16,528	\$ 697,293	\$ 2,922,784	

 $COMBINING \, STATEMENT \, OF \, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND \, CHANGES \\ IN \, FUND \, BALANCE \, - \, ALL \, NONMAJOR \, GOVERNMENTAL \, FUNDS$

		211	224	225
Data				
Control		ESEA Title I,	IDEA-B	IDEA-B
Codes	_	Part A	Formula	Preschool
	Revenues			
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$	\$	\$
5800	State program revenues			
5900	Federal program revenues	146,606	868,345	15,738
5020	Total Revenues	146,606	868,345	15,738
	Expenditures			
	Current:			
0011	Instruction	146,512	868,345	15,738
0012	Instruction resources and media services			
0013	Curriculum and instructional			
	staff development			
0021	Instructional leadership			
0023	School leadership			
0031	Guidance, counseling and			
	evaluation services	94		
0032	Social work services			
0033	Health services			
0035	Food service			
0036	Extracurricular activities			
0041	General administration			
0051	Plant maintenance and operations			
0052	Security and monitoring services			
0053	Data processing services			
0001	Capital outlay:			
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction	146,606	060 245	15.729
6030	Total Expenditures	146,606	868,345	15,738
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			
	over experiences			
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
7915	Transfers in			
8911	Transfers out			
7080	Total other financing sources and uses			
1200	Net change in fund balances			
0100	Fund balance - September 1 (beginning)			
3000	Fund balance - August 31 (ending)	\$	\$	\$

226	240	244	255	263
IDEA-B Discretionary	Child Nutrition	Vocational Ed - Basic	Title II, Part A	Title III
\$	\$ 2,308,729 4,062	\$	\$	\$
95,956	188,570	30,890	73,915	15,549
95,956	2,501,361	30,890	73,915	15,549
14,265		30,890	30,954	15,549
			19,482	
			23,159	
			320	
81,691	2,549,996			
95,956	2,549,996	30,890	73,915	15,549
	(48,635)			
	1,775			
	1,775			

(46,860)

554,395

\$ 507,535 \$

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		289	397	410
Data Control Codes	<u>-</u> _	Miscellaneous Federal Programs	Advanced Placement Incentive	Instructional Materials Allotment
	Revenues			
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$	\$	\$
5800	State program revenues		2,250	787,830
5900	Federal program revenues	1,107		
5020	Total Revenues	1,107	2,250	787,830
	Expenditures			
	Current:			
0011	Instruction	1,107		762,476
0012	Instruction resources and media services	1,107		7 92, 17 9
0012	Curriculum and instructional			
0013	staff development		19,050	23,412
0021	Instructional leadership		17,030	650
0023	School leadership			0.50
0031	Guidance, counseling and			
0001	evaluation services			
0032	Social work services			
0033	Health services			
0035	Food service			
0036	Extracurricular activities			
0041	General administration			
0051	Plant maintenance and operations			
0052	Security and monitoring services			
0053	Data processing services			1,292
	Capital outlay:			
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction			
6030	Total Expenditures	1,107	19,050	787,830
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
	over expenditures		(16,800)	
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
7915	Transfers in			
8911	Transfers out			
7080	Total other financing sources and uses			
7000	Total other financing sources and uses			
1200	Net change in fund balances		(16,800)	
0100	Fund balance - September 1 (beginning)		20,217	
3000	Fund balance - August 31 (ending)	\$	\$ 3,417	\$

461	480	699	
Campus Activity	Education Foundation Grants	Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 755,879	\$ 124,043	\$ 132	\$ 3,188,783 794,142
			1,436,676
755,879	124,043	132	5,419,601
421.040	101.504		2 420 500
431,040	121,704		2,438,580
57,703			57,703
15,268			77,212
86			23,895
66,437			66,757
10			104
1,500			1,500
271			81,962
			2,549,996
46,156			46,156
10,101			10,101
12,247		26,558	38,805
6,008			6,008
		34,201	35,493
		667,799	667,799
646,827	121,704	728,558	6,102,071
109,052	2,339	(728,426)	(682,470)
27,491			29,266
21,771	(5,479)		(5,479)
27,491	(5,479)	·	23,787
136,543	(3,140)	(728,426)	(658,683)
725,266	18,876	1,416,746	2,735,500
\$ 861,809	\$ 15,736	\$ 688,320	\$ 2,076,817

Exhibit H-3

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS August 31, 2015

		Enterpris	e Funds	
Data Control Codes		Fuel Fund	Vending Fund	Total
	Assets	<u> </u>		
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,042	\$ 4,069	\$ 17,111
1290	Other receivables	990		990
1000	Total Assets	\$ 14,032	\$ 4,069	\$ 18,101
	Liabilities			
2110	Accounts payable		2,061	2,061
2000	Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	2,061	2,061
	Net Position			
3900	Unrestricted net position	\$ 14,032	\$ 2,008	\$ 16,040
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 14,032	\$ 2,008	\$ 16,040

Exhibit H-4

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Data
Control
~ •

Control						
Codes		Fue	Fuel Fund		ding Fund	Total
	Revenues					
5700	Charges for Services	\$	5,928	\$	112,824	\$ 118,752
5020	Total Operating Revenues		5,928		112,824	 118,752
	Operating Expenses					
6200	Purchased and contracted services				78,921	78,921
	Claims expense and other					
6400	operating expenses				4,637	4,637
6030	Total Operating Expenses				83,558	 83,558
	Income (Loss) before Transfers		5,928		29,266	35,194
	Transfers					
8911	Transfers out				(29,266)	(29,266)
7080	Total Transfers				(29,266)	(29,266)
1200	Change in Net Position		5,928		_	 5,928
	Net Position					
0100	Total net position - beginning		8,104		2,008	 10,112
3300	Total net position - ending	\$	14,032	\$	2,008	\$ 16,040
	•				· ·	 •

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Year Ended August 31, 2015

	Fuel Fund		Vending Fund			Total
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents						
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash received from user charges	\$	7,468	\$	112,824	\$	120,292
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services				(81,497)		(81,497)
Cash payments to employees						
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		7,468		31,327		38,795
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:						
Advances to other funds				(29,266)		(29,266)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital						
Financing Activities				(29,266)		(29,266)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		7,468		2,061		9,529
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		5,574		2,008		7,582
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	13,042	\$	4,069	\$	17,111
Reconciliation to Balance Sheet						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Per Cash Flow	\$	13,042	\$	4,069	\$	17,111
Cash and Cash Equivalents per Balance Sheet	\$	13,042	\$	4,069	\$	17,111
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash						
Provided by Operating Activities:	¢	5.020	\$	20.266	\$	25 104
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	5,928	Þ	29,266	Þ	35,194
Change in Assets and Liabilities		1.540				1.540
Decrease (increase) in Receivables		1,540		2.061		1,540
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable	-			2,061		2,061
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	7,468	\$	31,327	\$	38,795

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION August 31, 2015

			891		892						
Data Control Codes		Cline Scholarship Fund		Scholarship		Scholarship		Sch	inston olarship Fund	Purpo	l Private ose Trust 'unds
	Assets										
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,732	\$	6,296	\$	8,028				
	Total Assets	\$	1,732	\$	6,296	\$	8,028				
	Net Position										
3800	Restricted	\$	1,732	\$	6,296	\$	8,028				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

	891	892		
	Cline olarship	inston olarship	,	Total
Additions		<u> </u>		,
Gifts and contributions	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Total additions	 	 		
Deductions Non-operating expenses Total deductions				
Change in net position				
Net position beginning of year	 1,732	 6,296		8,028
Net position end of year	\$ 1,732	\$ 6,296	\$	8,028

REQUIRED TEA SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

1 2 3 10

Last Ten Tax Rates			Net Assessed/Appraised Value For School	Beginning Balance		
Fiscal Years	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes	8/31/14		
2006 and prior	Various	Various	Various	\$	16,085	
2007	1.370000	0.137000	1,789,587,724		7,928	
2008	1.040000	0.137000	1,956,333,264		7,595	
2009	1.040000	0.327000	1,974,337,088		12,789	
2010	1.040000	0.327000	2,024,853,767		16,723	
2011	1.040000	0.327000	2,052,922,970		21,704	
2012	1.040000	0.327000	2,096,108,705		32,260	
2013	1.040000	0.327000	2,154,126,189		52,505	
2014	1.040000	0.327000	2,224,978,200		190,514	
2015	1.040000	0.327000	2,331,605,048			
1000 Totals				\$	358,103	

20	31	31 32 40		50
Current Year's Total Levy	Maintenance Total Collections	Debt Service Total Collections	Entire Year's Adjustments	Ending Balance 8/31/15
\$	\$ 145	\$ 14	\$ (1,412)	\$ 14,514
	65	7		7,856
	522	68		7,005
	1,132	356	(165)	11,136
	1,798	565	(544)	13,816
	1,865	587	63	19,315
	4,635	1,457	354	26,522
	13,935	4,381	4,733	38,922
	99,527	31,294	7,416	67,109
31,873,041	24,072,726	7,569,020		231,295
\$ 31,873,041	\$ 24,196,350	\$ 7,607,749	\$ 10,445	437,490
	169,309			
	\$ 606,799			

 $BUDGETARY\,COMPARISON\,SCHEDULE\\ CHILD\,NUTRITION\,PROGRAM\,FUND$

DataActual AmountsFinalControlBudgetaryPoCodesOriginalFinalBasis(Ne	nnce with Budget ositive gative)
Daymung	
Revenues	
5700 Local, Intermediate, and Out-of-State \$ 2,240,907 \$ 2,278,956 \$ 2,308,729 \$	29,773
5800 State Program Revenues 4,400 4,400 4,062	(338)
5900 Federal Program Revenues 179,227 191,178 188,570	(2,608)
5020 Total Revenues 2,424,534 2,474,534 2,501,361	26,827
Expenditures Current: 0035 Food Services 2,445.964 2,570.654 2,549.996	20.659
	20,658
6030 Total Expenditures 2,445,964 2,570,654 2,549,996	20,658
1100 Excess (Deficiency) Revenues Over Expenditures (21,430) (96,120) (48,635)	47,485
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
7915 Transfers in	1,775
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,775
1200 Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance (21,430) (96,120) (46,860)	49,260
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning) 554,395 554,395 554,395	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending) \$ 532,965 \$ 458,275 \$ 507,535 \$	49,260

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

DEBT SERVICE FUND

		Budget							
Data Control Codes	_		Original		Final	_	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		ance with I Budget ositive egative)
5700	Revenues Local, Intermediate, and Out-of-State	\$	7,628,000	\$	7,628,000	\$	7,638,536	\$	10,536
5020	Total Revenues	<u> </u>	7,628,000		7,628,000	Ф.	7,638,536	Ф	10,536
0071	Expenditures Debt Service:		1 020 000		1.020.000		1.020.000		
0071	Principal Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees		1,930,000 5,086,000		1,930,000 5,093,500		1,930,000 5,087,492		6,008
6030	Total Expenditures		7,016,000		7,023,500		7,017,492		6,008
1100	Excess (Deficiency) Revenues Over Expenditures		612,000		604,500		621,044		16,544
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		751,407		751,407		751,407		
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	1,363,407	\$	1,355,907	\$	1,372,451	\$	16,544

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FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

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Texas City Office 600 Gulf Freeway Suite 226 Texas City, Texas 77591 409.948.4406 Main whitleypenn.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Friendswood Independent School District Friendswood, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Friendswood Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



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Dallas Fort Worth Houston

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Texas City, Texas November 9, 2015

Whitley FERN LLP



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Trustees Friendswood Independent School District Friendswood, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Friendswood Independent School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2015. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2015.

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Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Texas City, Texas November 9, 2015

Whitley FENN LLP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

I. Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance with major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) OMB Circular No

A-133?

Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster: CFDA Numbers

US Department of Education: Special Education Cluster:

IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A
IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173A
IDEA - Part B, High Cost Risk Pool	84.027A

Dollar Threshold Considered Between Type A and Type B Federal Programs \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (continued) For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

II. Financial Statement Findings

None reported

III. Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

IV. Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

None reported

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

(2A)	(1)		(2)	(3)	
Pass Through	Federal Grantor/	District	Federal		
Entity Identifying	Pass-Through Grantor/	Fund	CFDA	Federal Expenditures	
Number	Program Title	Number	Number		
	U.S. Department of Education				
	Passed Through Texas Education Agency:				
15610101084911	ESEA Title I Part A	211	84.010A	\$ 146,606	
156600010849116600	IDEA - Part B, Formula *	224	84.027A	868,345	
156610010849116610	IDEA - Part B, Preschool *	225	84.173A	15,738	
156600060849116680	IDEA - Part B, High Cost Risk Pool *	226	84.027A	95,956	
15420006084911	Career and Technology Education - Carl D. Perkins	244	84.048A	30,890	
15694501084911	ESEA Title II, Part A, Teacher/Principal Training	255	84.367A	73,915	
15671001084911	Title III - Part A, English Language Acquisitions	263	84.365A	15,549	
69551402	Summer School LEP	289	84.369A	1,107	
	Total U.S. Department of Education			1,248,106	
	U.S. Department of Agriculture				
	Passed Through the Texas Department of				
	Non Cash Assistance (Commodities):				
084911	National School Lunch Program**	240	10.555	39,187	
084911	Direct Certification Grant	240	10.589	584	
	Passed Through Texas Education Agency				
	Cash Assistance:				
71301501	National School Lunch Program **	240	10.555	136,649	
71401501	School Breakfast Program **	240	10.553	12,150	
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			188,570	
	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,436,676	

^{*}Special Education Cluster ** Child Nutrition Cluster

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FRIENDSWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

Note 1 -Basis of Accounting

The District accounts for all awards under federal programs in the General and Certain Special Revenue Funds in accordance with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. These programs are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for these funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Note 2 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended August 31, 2015. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Government, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

Note 3 - Reconciliation to Basic Financial Statements

The following is a reconciliation of expenditures of federal awards program per Exhibit K-1 (SEFA) and expenditures reported on Exhibit C-3:

Total avnanditures of fadaral awards non SEEA

Total expenditures of lederal awards per SEFA	\$ 1,436,676
Federal revenue accounted for in General Fund	
Propane credit	20,077
Total Federal Revenue - Exhibit C-3	\$ 1,456,753

$\begin{tabular}{ll} REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS \\ SCHEDULE L-1 \end{tabular}$

For the year ended August 31, 2015

SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), or other government agencies?	Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?	Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$ 224,722
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year end	\$ -
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year end	\$ 4,150,735
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year end	\$ 383,662

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